



2026 Tattersalls Sales - Repository

The Tattersalls Repository is a secure online facility that allows the centralised viewing of pre sale X-Rays and Video Endoscopies.

Veterinarians registered with Tattersalls can view this information in the Repository Building and remotely via the repository website. Vets must disclose their client at the time of viewing with vendors/consignors being notified of any viewings by SMS and/or email.

Deadlines and Criteria

- Please note the following acquisition deadlines - X-Rays and Video Endoscopies for submission to the Repository must be taken on or after the following dates:

July Sale (Horses in Training)

- X-Rays – 23rd June
- Scopes – 23rd June

Somerville Yearling Sale

- X-Rays – 5th August
- Scopes – 16th August

October Yearling Sales

- X-Rays – 8th September
- Scopes – 19th September

Autumn Horses in Training

- X-Rays – 12th October
- Scopes – 12th October

December Yearling Sale

- X-Rays – 26th October
- Scopes – 6th November

December Foals Sale

- X-Rays – 27th October
- Scopes – 7th November

December Mares (HIT) Sale

- X-Rays – 16th November
- Scopes – 16th November

**Submission Deadlines**

- X-Rays and/or scopes must be submitted to the Tattersalls Repository in a timely manner and at least one clear day before the day on which the lot is due to be sold (two clear days for October, Book 1).
- Submissions made after this time will only be accepted at Tattersalls' discretion and will require approval prior to being made available. Tattersalls reserve the right to reject late submissions.

Supplementary Submissions

- Subject to the submission deadlines above should any Lot's information have already been viewed then supplementary submissions will only be accepted at Tattersalls' discretion and will require approval prior to being made available. Vets having already viewed a file will also be notified of additional information being made available.
- X-rays must be in DICOM format and videos should be in mp4 format. Full guidelines are attached.
- Once taken, X-rays and video endoscopies can be uploaded to the Repository in advance of your arrival by your veterinary practice. This is available via <https://repository.tattersalls.com/upload>. Alternatively, these can be lodged by USB in the Repository on site at Tattersalls where staff are on hand to assist.
- Notification emails and SMS messages for when your images are viewed can be arranged in the Tattersalls Repository and managed using your Tattersalls online account.
- Full repository rules are available in the front of the catalogue or from www.tattersalls.com/documentation.php



B.E.V.A. Recommended radiographic views of YEARLINGS & FOALS submitted for public sale

Repository Deadline – Yearlings & Foals – X-Rays must be taken of a lot within **28 days** of the first day of the Sale in which the Lot is due to be sold.

Radiographs must be clearly labelled to record the identity of the animal, the date and time the radiographs were taken and the limb must be clearly identified. Tattersalls reserve the right to reject any information submitted to the repository that is not appropriately labelled.

FRONT FETLOCKS

- Dorsopalmar (angled down 30° and to include the pastern joint)
- Lateromedial (to include the pastern joint)
- Lateromedial flexed (*optional*)
- Dorsolateral-palmaromedial oblique 45°
- Dorsomedial-palmarolateral oblique 45°

HIND FETLOCKS

- Dorsoplantar (angled down 30° and to include the pastern joint)
- Lateromedial (to include the pastern joint)
- Dorsolateral-palmaromedial oblique 45°
- Dorsomedial-palmarolateral oblique 45°

CARPUS

- Dorsopalmar
- Lateromedial
- Lateromedial flexed (*optional*)
- Dorsolateral-palmaromedial oblique 30°
- Dorsomedial-palmarolateral oblique 20°

TARSUS

- Dorsoplantar 10° Dorsolateral-Plantaromedial
- Lateromedial
- Dorsolateral-plantaromedial oblique 45°
- Dorsomedial-plantarolateral oblique 45°

STIFLES

- Lateromedial
- Caudocranial
- Caudolateral-Craniomedial Oblique 20° (*optional*)

INSTRUCTIONS

The radiographic markers should be placed laterally on dorsopalmar and dorsoplantar views.



B.E.V.A. Recommended radiographic views of HORSES IN TRAINING submitted for public sale

Repository Deadline – Horses In Training – X-Rays must be taken of a lot within **14 days** of the first day of the Sale in which the Lot is due to be sold.

Radiographs must be clearly labelled to record the identity of the animal, the date and time the radiographs were taken and the limb must be clearly identified. Tattersalls reserve the right to reject any information submitted to the repository that is not appropriately labelled.

FRONT FEET

- Lateromedial
- Dorsoproximal-palmarodistal oblique distal phalanx (upright pedal)

FRONT FETLOCKS

- Dorsopalmar (angled down 30° and to include the pastern joint)
- Lateromedial (to include the pastern joint)
- Lateromedial flexed (*optional*)
- Dorsolateral-palmaromedial oblique 45°
- Dorsomedial-palmarolateral oblique 45°
- Flexed dorsopalmar

HIND FETLOCKS

- Dorsoplantar (angled down 30° and to include the pastern joint)
- Lateromedial (to include the pastern joint)
- Dorsolateral-palmaromedial oblique 45°
- Dorsomedial-palmarolateral oblique 45°
- Flexed dorsopalmar (*optional*)

CARPUS

- Dorsopalmar
- Lateromedial
- Lateromedial flexed (*optional*)
- Dorsolateral-palmaromedial oblique 30°
- Dorsomedial-palmarolateral oblique 20°
- Skyline distal row carpal bones (3rd carpal bone skyline)

TARSUS

- Dorsoplantar 10° Dorsolateral-Plantaromedial
- Lateromedial
- Dorsolateral-plantaromedial oblique 45°
- Dorsomedial-plantarolateral oblique 45°

STIFLES

- Lateromedial
- Caudocranial
- Caudolateral-Craniomedial Oblique 20° (*optional*)

INSTRUCTIONS

The radiographic markers should be placed laterally on dorsopalmar and dorsoplantar views.



GUIDELINES FOR VIDEO ENDOSCOPIC EXAMINATION OF THE UPPER AIRWAY OF HORSES SUBMITTED FOR PUBLIC SALE

1. Repository Deadline –

BEVA recommend the time interval between video acquisition and 1st day of the sales session in which the horse sells should be ≤ 10 days. Tattersalls however, acknowledge the logistical difficulties presented by this reduced deadline and have outlined the following examination deadlines:

Yearlings & Foals: Videos must be taken of a lot within **17 days** of the first day of the Sale in which the Lot is due to be sold. Tattersalls however, recommend that the 10 day guideline is followed if possible.

Horses in Training: Videos must be taken of a lot within **14 days** of the first day of the Sale in which the Lot is due to be sold. Tattersalls however, recommend that the 10 day guideline is followed if possible.

2. Identification:

- The horse should be identified either with embedded/on-screen digital annotation, and annotations should include date of examination and name of veterinary surgeon/practice.
- Footage of horse, microchip scanning and/or relevant page from the sales catalogue may also be used as an acceptable method of identification.
- Tattersalls reserve the right to reject any information submitted to the repository that is not appropriately labelled.

3. Image Quality:

- The video recording should comprise a single, unbroken and unedited stream of footage, ideally video should be a minimum of 720p (HD ready)

4. Endoscopic Technique

- Either nostril may be used for introduction of the endoscope, however every attempt should be made to maintain the endoscope centrally in the nasopharynx to minimise parallax error when assessing the laryngeal cartilages. Orientation of the laryngeal image should be vertical at all times.
- The initial footage should permit clear, unobstructed visualisation of the entire epiglottis, arytenoid cartilages and vocal cords/ventricles. The endoscope should be advanced close enough to the larynx to allow thorough assessment of the mucosal surfaces in order to permit detection of ulceration or chondritis. Touching or prodding of the arytenoid cartilages with the endoscope is to be discouraged.
- Laryngeal function grading systems are founded on assessment of arytenoid cartilage movements. Video footage should permit visualisation of the larynx not only at maximal abduction but also periods of full relaxation, in order that the full range and synchrony of arytenoid movements can be observed.
- In order to permit detection of both static and dynamic abnormalities, the minimum acceptable time of direct visualisation of the larynx (ie exclusive of passage of the endoscope through the nasal passages) should be at least 45 seconds and preferably 60 seconds. This time should be used constructively by the acquiring veterinarian to stimulate the larynx when necessary; long videos that do not document the full range of movements should be discouraged. It is stressed that quality of video footage and technique used are of much greater importance than overall length of video.
- Full arytenoid abduction may be demonstrated/stimulated by a variety of means including stimulation of swallowing via introduction of flush solution, nasal occlusion or exercise. It is recommended that the video footage contains good visualisation of at least 3 swallows. Please note that whichever method of laryngeal stimulation is used it is vital that the larynx is seen during full relaxation during the examination, and that exercise immediately prior to video acquisition may therefore be counterproductive.

Updated March 2024